AB/77

A STUDY TO ENHANCE ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD USAGE AMONG CLINICIANS

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INTRODUCTION

 $\sim 5-10$ hospital chains in India are making more intensive use of Information Technology











*Indicative list (only for illustration)

Leading Players:

• 74% increase in patient and doctor satisfaction by adoption of EHR

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Reluctance among clinicians to use EHR
- Low adoption of the EHR in OPD (10%), as indicated by the internal study conducted by the hospital

OBJECTIVE

1. To identify the main challenges faced by clinicians while using the EHR system

2. To increase the EHR usage from 10% to 80%

METHODOLOGY (1/3)













METHODOLOGY (2/3)

Objective I

Identify the main challenges faced by clinicians

Tools used

Personal Interview with clinicians using IDI checklist

METHODOLOGY (3/3)

Objective 2

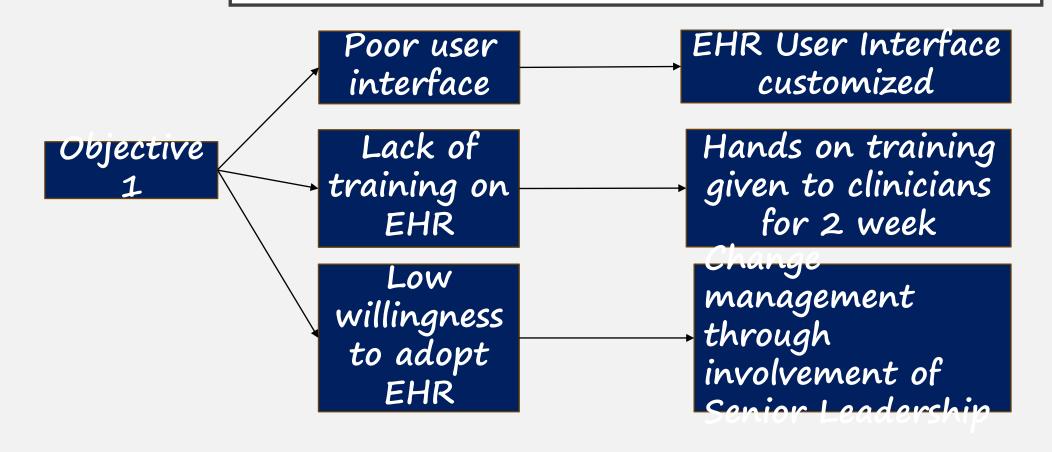
To increase the EHR usage from 10% to 80%

Tools Used

Observation Checklist

Process Checklist

GAPS IDENTIFIED AND ACTION TAKEN



GAPS IDENTIFIED AND ACTION TAKEN

Absence of Customized Performas

Department specific Customized performas

Objective 2 Missing Click-to-Fill Options options and added clickable data entry

Derived from
Objective I

Lack of Centralized billing adopted with common end point

Low interoperability

interlinked through

FHR

OUTCOME

Customization of User Interface of the EHR

Hands on training on EHR for 2 weeks

Involvement of Senior Leadership

Increase in convenience for clinical data entry

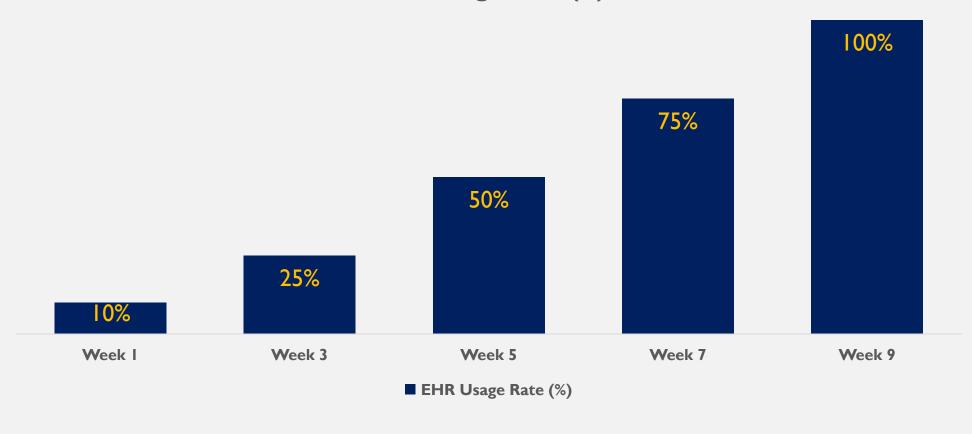
skills and adaptability

supporting change

Enhanced adoption of EHR by clinicians

RESULT

EHR Usage Rate (%)

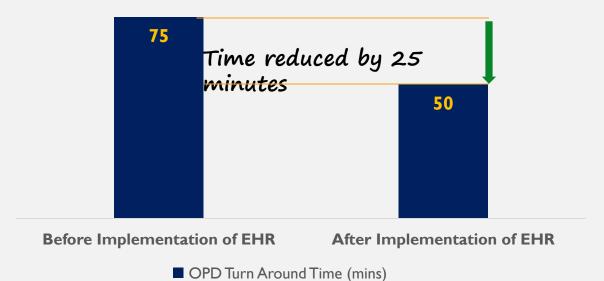


CONCLUSION AND IMPACT

Reduction in OPD Turn around Time

With the increase in interoperability of EHR the Turn around time in OPD was reduced

OPD Turn Around Time (mins)



Increase in Pharmacy
Sale

With centralized billing resulted insains (Resales pharmacy sales



■ Sales (Rs Cr)

THANK YOU